Listening to Nursing Leaders: Using NDNQI Data to Study Excellence in Nursing Leadership

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Objectives

- □ Overall aim was to investigate key leadership characteristics of nurse managers identified by their staff as excellent nurse leaders
- □ Analysis of focus group interviews with nurse managers who ranked above the mean on the NDNQI-RN Survey



National Database of Nurse Quality Indicators (NDNQI)

- □ A project of the ANA that provides a national data repository providing comparison data on nurse sensitive indicators at the unit level and by clinical focus.
- □ RN survey is a companion instrument that measures the RN Practice Environment and Job Satisfaction.



Penn Presbyterian Medical Center

- □ Penn Presbyterian Medical Center (PPMC) is a 325bed teaching facility and is part of the University of Pennsylvania Health System in Philadelphia, PA
- Major service lines are Cardiology, Orthopedics, Psychiatry/Addictions, Medicine, General Surgery Ophthalmology and Geriatrics
- □ Participated in the NDNQI-RN Survey in October 2008
- □ PPMC had a 99% rate of participation with 11 nursing units reporting data.

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Literature Review

- □ Anthony, et al (2005):
 - Structure: role modeling, coaching, mentoring, hiring, recruiting, budget and payroll
 - Process: listening, conflict resolution and communication
 - Outcome: quality care, patient satisfaction, happy stakeholders
- □ Neill and Saunders (2008): Servant Leadership



Literature Review

- □ Laschinger, et al (2009):
 - Quality of unit-level leader-member exchange
- □ Ulrich, et al (2005):
 - Quality of nurse to nurse manager relationship
 - More respect from frontline managers would cause nurses to reconsider leaving their current position



Literature Review

- □ Manion (2004):
 - Put staff first and treat with respect
 - Authentic connections
 - Coach for and expect competence
 - Focus on results
 - Partnering with staff through visibility
- □ Upenieks (2003):
 - Visibility distinction between Magnet leadership and non-Magnet leadership
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Study Design

- Qualitative phenomenological study design
- ☐ Approved by the UPHS Institutional Review Board as an exempt study
- □ Inclusion criteria:
 - Permanent nurse manager from units participating in the NDNQI-RN Survey
 - Results of the Practice Environment Scale related to Nurse Manager Ability, Leadership and Support of Nurses who scored above the mean for the comparison group
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Study Design

- □ Five nurse managers met inclusion criteria
- □ Participants were invited to participate in a focus group regarding the NDNQI-RN Survey however the results of the survey were not shared with them
- □ All 5 eligible nurse managers agreed to participate and consents for participation were obtained



Data Collection Methods

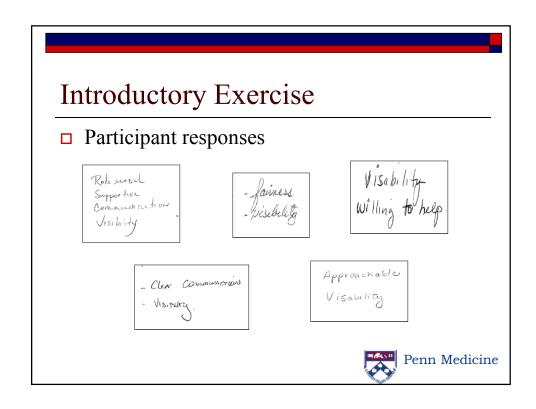
- □ Data were collected via audio taped and facilitator lead focus group to explore nursing leadership characteristics
- □ The participants were informed that the reason they were asked to participate in the focus group was because they had scored higher than the mean in the NDNQI-RN Survey from October 2008

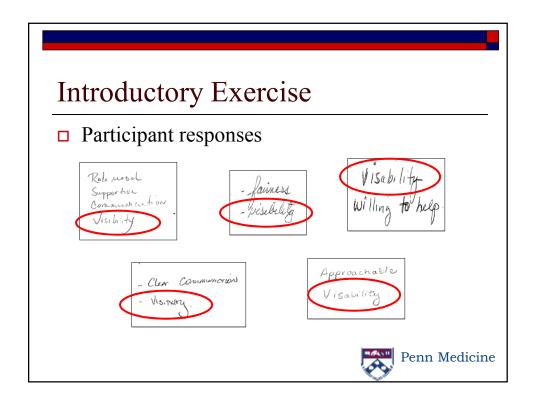


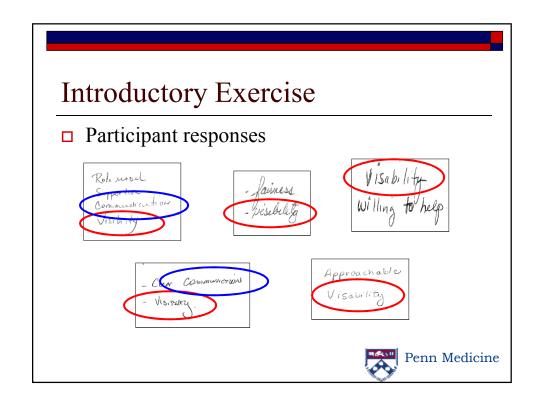
Introductory Exercise

- □ Purpose of the exercise was to capture objective initial responses of participants regarding their survey results being above the mean.
- One open ended question was asked at the beginning of the session and participants were requested to write their response on 5x7 index cards
- ☐ The question was: "In one or two words why do you think you achieved this rating from your staff?"









Focus Group Facilitation

- □ Open discussion facilitated by co-investigator
- □ Discussion was audio taped and transcribed
- ☐ Instructions explained and confidentiality reiterated
- □ Nurse Leader Characteristics Exploratory
 Questions developed from NDNQI questions



Focus Group Facilitation

- □ Nurse Leader Characteristics Exploratory Questions
 - 1. How do you incorporate praise and recognition into your daily staff interactions?
 - 2. How do you use mistakes as learning opportunities?
 - 3. How do you back up your staff when there is a nurse-physician conflict?
 - 4. What additional recommendations do you have to be successful as a nurse manager?
 - 5. How does it make you feel knowing that you were the most successful at this survey among your peers?



Focus Group Results

- ☐ Transcript of focused group reviewed for accuracy
- ☐ Transcript analyzed by the four person study team individually then in a team session
- □ Data were categorized into 37 first level codes and reduced into collapsed codes
- □ Collapsed codes were then aggregated into theoretical constructs:
 - Visibility
 - Communication
 - Values of Respect and Empathy



Theoretical Construct: Visibility

- Partnership
- Collaboration
- Credibility
- □ Realistic
- □ Role Model
- Accountability

"I think visibility is a key thing."

"Visibility too I think, I try to come in on the off shifts on a weekend even for an hour or two just to have them see you ..."



Theoretical Construct: Communication

- Mediator
- Transparency
- □ Support
- Counselor
- Fairness
- Appreciation
- □ Timely Feedback
- □ Insight

"So it is a lot of communication and a lot of rounding from my perspective."

"It is candid feedback, a candid discussion and we do it together."



Theoretical Constructs: Values of Empathy and Respect

- Commitment
- Mentorship
- □ Respect
- □ Servant Leadership
- Openness
- □ Integrity
- Empathy

"I always try to tell the staff we are going to make mistakes, if we don't make mistakes then we are actually lying because I expect mistakes and that's the only way we are going to get better."

"Do I expect you to take 7 patients no, because I wouldn't be able to do it and I don't expect you to do it and they know that I make mistakes too, and I admit that."

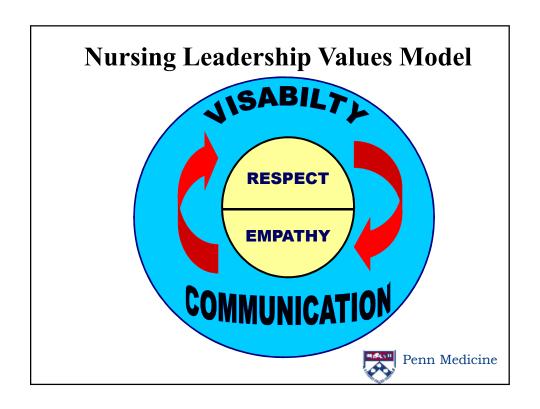
"I am here for my staff and that is just how I see my role"



Nursing Leadership Values Model

- □ Nursing leadership characteristics of visibility and communication create the core of leadership behaviors
- □ Personal values of respect and empathy inform and stabilize the model
- ☐ The dynamic interaction of these four components support staff nurse satisfaction with their nurse manager
- ☐ Staff nurse job satisfaction and retention have a positive relationship to patient outcomes





Conclusions/Recommendations

- □ Leadership education to promote visibility and communication
- Encourage responsiveness to staff to enhance personal values of respect and empathy
- □ Explore these characteristics in potential nurse leaders during interviews or mentoring experiences
- □ Focus leadership techniques to incorporate the key characteristics of visibility and communication with the values of respect and empathy to foster staff nurse satisfaction, retention and positive patient outcomes.
- □ Replication of this study will strengthen the findings for generalized application Penn Medicine

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